

N-SPHERE MAY 2012

EDITORIAL TRANQUILIZERS

»Scharr, scharr, verscharr das Gebein.« Not all basements are silent. Some float around in bone on bone action, with the darkened firepit at their centre, smoke silently rising up from charred remains.

»Scharr, scharr, verscharr das Gebein, grab es tief unten im Keller ein.« Some basements are labyrinths. They run deep into dream worlds, along the perfect blue of Ramiro Tapia's works. There is a sky opening inside these spaces, suffusing the darkness in cold flames. Along the walls, shadows take form and color, with the works of Flyn Vibert. »Später dann graben es andere aus und nennen dein Haus: das Knochenhaus«

»Scharr, scharr, verscharr das Gebein. Da ist noch Platz, da paßt noch wer rein.« Some basements are play houses, in a strictly nondescript abstractly bizarre way, as portrayed in Fassbinder's The Bitter Tears of Petra von Kant. The sensations don't last, fake murals coming apart under the heavy blows of Mateusz Odrobny's urban visual spaces. »Hier tobte sich der Teufel aus: unten im Keller, im Knochenhaus«

»Scharr, scharr, verscharr das Gebein. Leg auch ihre weißen Schädel hinein.« Spiralling backwards, the beheaded white bones clumsily rattle of Gustave Doré's legacy. The falling into history runs paths through the basements walls, right into the stone confinements of Conegliano's La città murata. »Mit Beton gießt du es aus: das Fundament vom Knochenhaus.«

Some basements are dark, some basements just breathe. »Scharr, scharr, verscharr das Gebein.«

quotes | Janus. Knochenhaus. 1998



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GLASS SHOVVCASE IRO TAPIA

DREAMS FEELINGS WISHES INTROSPECTION

Name:

Ramiro Tapia

Location:

Salamanca, Spain

Occupation:

Painter

Definition of personal sphere:

My special sensibility toward the spiritual occurrences of my consciousness. My philias, my phobias, in general terms, everything that surround me turn out through a filter which lately impulses me to translate it into an imagery gifted by quite diverse interpretations, according to my state of mind in that moment. For that reason, my artwork is so versatile and heterogeneous.

Artwork in 4 words:

Dreams, feelings, wishes, introspection.

What is inspirational for you:

Odd and attracting passages reproduced within the labyrinths of my brain, impregnated in certain emotional moments of my life. I only work on that stuff which leaks over the external milieu, transformed through my keys which automatically configure them in those lucubrating dreams, that is "my dreams".

Currently favourite artists:

Bosh, Brueghel, Paul Klee, Kandinsky, Picaso and the illustrators Arthur Rackham, Gustav Doré and Aubrey Beardsley, between many others.





photo | Ramiro Tapia. 1965. Encina Nocturna. Courtesy of the artist

Tools of trade:

Oil paintings, Acrylics, Watercolors, Gouache, Inks, a varied sort of dusts with paintbrushes and sticks, scourers and diverse other tools.

Current obsessions:

Capturing symbologies that shake and shudder my soul, recomposing sequences which satisfy my receptive and alerted senses like the tentacles of the subaquatic plants in the pursuit of feed.

Personal temptation:

Put the finger on the eyes of those people who hold the power and who want massacre us in life, even the citizens whose occupy exclusively giving the heart with all its blood to our ideals, and to our creative visions. We who walk through other paths, strange to the vulgarity of the markets, to the bastard aspirations of the common, those unsatisfied and ambitious mediocres who hold that power acquired with the corruption; annihilating life, annihilating woods, floras, faunas, waters, airs, and contaminating the blue color of this poor planet at the expense of enrich, even more, its inflated, excessive and putrefied treasuries.

Ingress: ramirotapia.com Translation from Spanish: Iván Elvira



photo | Ramiro Tapia. 1969. Cabrón. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Ramiro Tapia. 1970. Acorazada. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Ramiro Tapia. 1976. La Novia Que Se Deshace. Courtesy of the artist

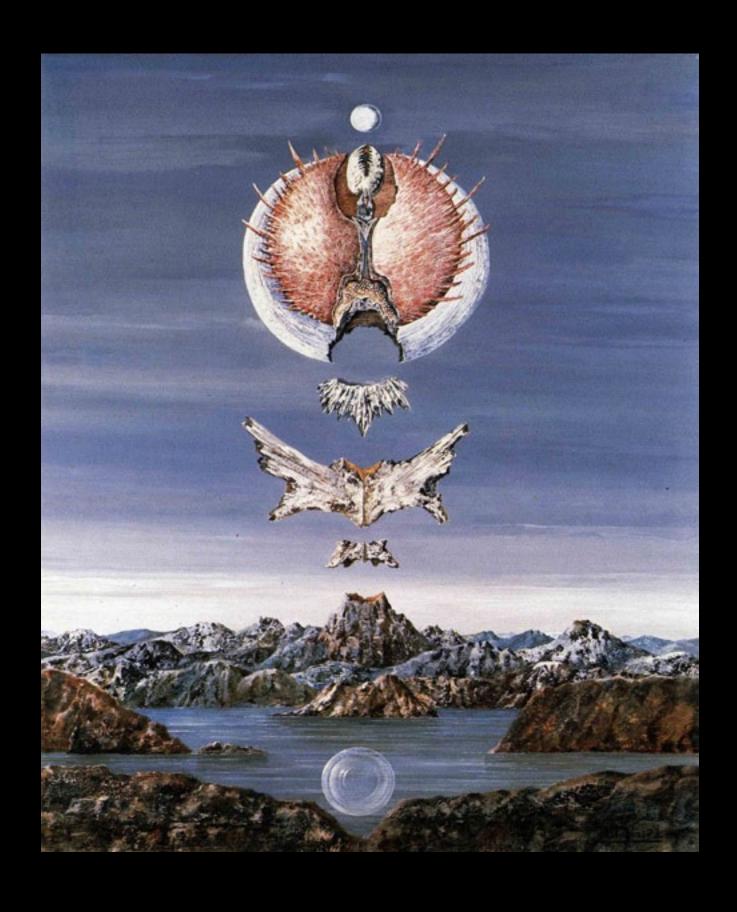


photo | **Ramiro Tapia. 1977. Crustáceo Metamórfico. Courtesy of the artist**



photo | **Ramiro Tapia. 1976. Forma Planetaria Azul. Courtesy of the artist**



photo | **Ramiro Tapia. 1977. El Arbol De Babel. Courtesy of the artist**

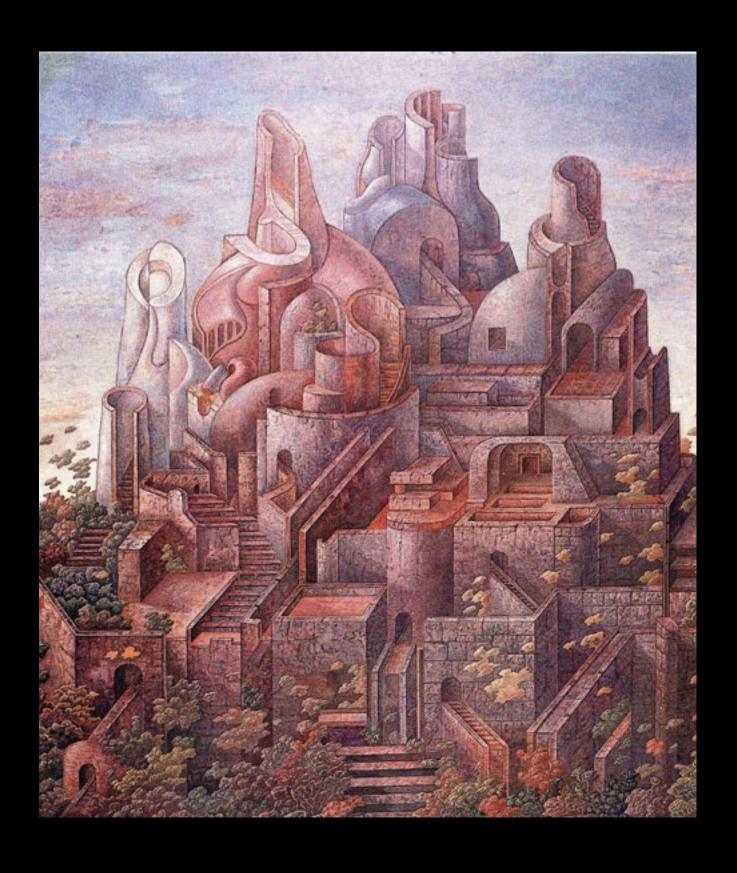


photo | **Ramiro Tapia. 1983.** El Castillo De Irás Y No Volverás. Courtesy of the artist



photo | **Ramiro Tapia. 1998. Torre Entre Islas. Courtesy of the artist**



photo | Ramiro Tapia. 1996. Torre Cósmica II. Courtesy of the artist

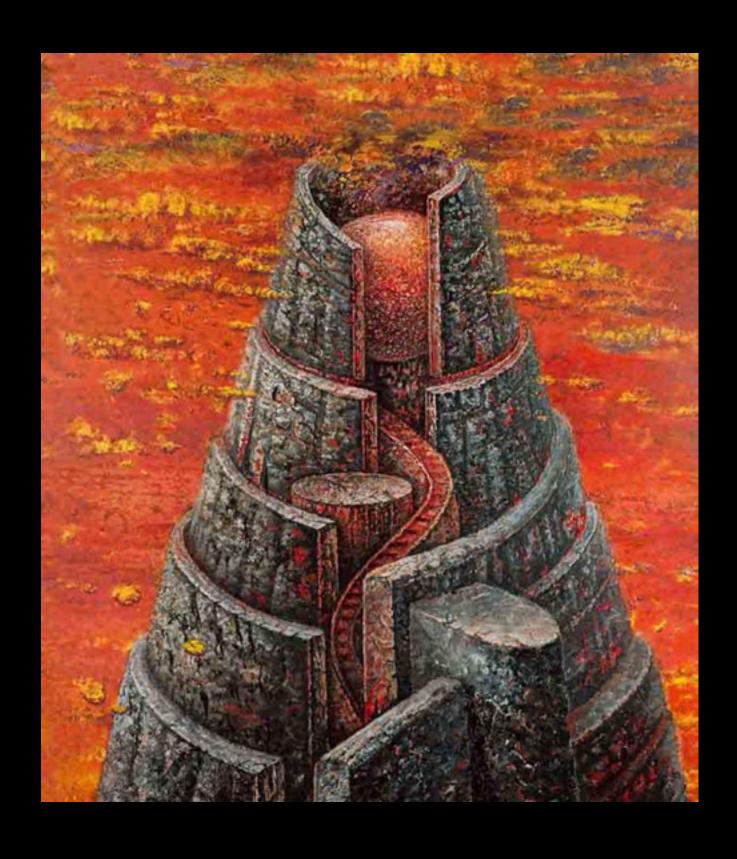


photo | **Ramiro Tapia. 1998. Torre Roja. Courtesy of the artist**



photo | Ramiro Tapia. 1986. Soledad. Courtesy of the artist



photo | **Ramiro Tapia. 1986. Ogresa Roja. Courtesy of the artist**



photo | **Ramiro Tapia. 1986. Gigante Triunfante. Courtesy of the artist**



photo | **Ramiro Tapia. 1986. Ogro Cipote. Courtesy of the artist**



photo | Ramiro Tapia. 1986. Guerrero Rojo. Courtesy of the artist



photo | **Ramiro Tapia. 1986. Gato Salvaje. Courtesy of the artist**



photo | Ramiro Tapia. 1986.

Pero Llameante.

Courtesy of the artist



photo | **Ramiro Tapia. 1993. Gran Duque. Courtesy of the artist**



photo | Ramiro Tapia. 1993. Gallo Salvaje. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Ramiro Tapia. 1993. Pero Azul. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Ramiro Tapia. 1986-2008. Bicha Arrebatada. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Ramiro Tapia. 2011. Federico De Montefeltro Actualizado. Courtesy of the artist

GUST

STONE SHOWCASE AVE DORÉ

WAKED BY THE CIRCLING HOURS

Name:

Gustave Doré

Lived:

January 6^{th} 1832 – January 23^{rd} 1883

Location:

Paris, France

Occupation:

Illustrator, Engraver, Sculptor

Influences:

Myth, The Circles of Heaven & Hell, Nordic Folklore, Sun and Darkness, Body Contortions in the Works of Michelangelo, Severed Heads, The Fall, The Border between Fantasy and Reality, London, Rodolphe Töpffe

Influenced:

Too many after his death

Major works:

Milton's Paradise Lost, Dante's The Divine Comedy. Tennyson's The Idylls of the King, Cervantes' Don Quixote, Edgar Allan Poe's The Raven

Associated with:

Romanticism

Obsessions:

Falling, Waves, Circles of Hell, Wings, Light, Clair-Obscur, Stars, Movement, Nightfall, Microcosm

> quote | John Milton. Paradise Lost. Book VI





photo | Gustave Doré. 19th century. Illustration for Paradise Lost Rosa Celeste: Dante and Beatrice gaze upon the highest Heaven, The Empyrean. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Gustave Doré. 1985.

The Disaster After The First Ascent Of The Matterhorn.

Courtesy of the artist

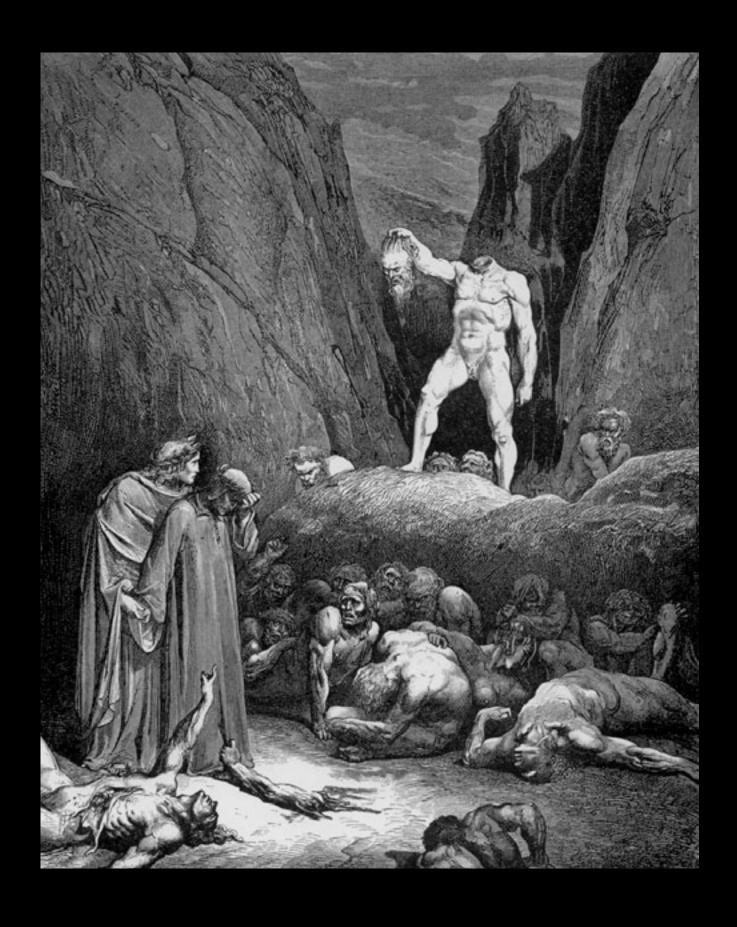


photo | Gustave Doré. 19th century. Illustration for Dante's Divina Commedia.

The Severed Head of Bertrand de Born Speaks (Inferno, Canto 28)

Courtesy of the artist

THE 13 PETRA

MOVING SHOWCASE MOONS OF VONKANT

ONLY PITY WHAT YOU CAN'T UNDERSTAND

ainer Werner Fassbinder's The Bitter Tears of Petra von Kant plays like a fashion-world version of the maggot in the apple. The title obviously points towards a state of longing, the heroine's name inspires a kind of elegance and beauty and yet, in the same time there is that coldness/harshness reminding of tragic heroines. Overall, before even seeing the film, one may form a rather strong image about it.

Fashion posters do that as well and we are sometimes inclined to believe that the person behind that poster has actually a common ground (at least) with the image he/she promotes. But in many cases we are deceived.

And so we are in this film. The Bitter tears of Petra von Kant contains many wounding moments and it is not - by any means - a hypocritical work, but a film revolving around a hypocritical character. Because Petra is not a tragic heroine, nor is her sadness anything else but a strategy to fool others and fool herself and we see this from the film's opening sequence (the makeup scene, choreography and all).







For those at least slightly familiar with Fassbinder's work this should not come as a surprise since the German director is known for creating rather unpleasant characters and he is not the only one. However, what I found to be particularly interesting is that Fassbinder doesn't make his characters aggressive. Even when they seem to be - like in this film - it is just a façade. They are just presented, they present themselves, but there is no parade made around them, there is no moral angle, no direct attempt to be sympathetic about them. An example in this sense is the »Sister Gundrun scene« from In a year of 13 Moons in which we are offered a glimpse of the protagonist's early life. The material itself is powerful, but it is also presented by Sister Gundrun in a very clinical manner.

What made The bitter tears of Petra von Kant rather interesting for me is that, unlike other Fassbinder films, this one does not revolve around outcasts. Petra is not an outcast, which may not be much of an argument in making the film interesting, however Petra sees herself as an outcast. She is weak because she wants to be weak and in the film's opening moments we can see that from the clothing she chooses and the way she is filmed and from her overall physical aspect: all of them suggest weakness, more exactly all of them suggest »induced weakness«.

It is something - maybe induced - in some people's mind telling them that weak people can show a fairly high degree of honesty, that they are authentic just because they seem or decide to be vulnerable. And then the title mutates: bitter tears can be an indicative of a quiet resignation, of letting - go - with a smile on your face - of something you don't feel ready to let go. But »bitter« can also be an indicative of one being delusional. Petra creates a frail world where she is both queen and victim, but it is a world only she can see, not anybody else. From the outside she is clumsily portrayed as a queen and nearly nonexistent as victim.

What was said before can be also



be seen in the dialogue, in Petra's dialogue with her »love interests«. She either wants to make strong statements which are convincing halfway through after which they fall apart:

»It's easy to pity, Sidonie, but so much harder to understand. If you understand someone, don't pity them, change them. Only pity what you cant understand.«

The above quote is an example. Starts with a truthful statement, because indeed it is easy to pity and in so many cases it is also useless and sometimes even insulting, but the rest is just teenage nonsense born out of the desire of saying something that in the end would either be disarm-

ing, provoking, or would project some deep yet fictional wound. However, it ends being none of the above.

Other pieces of dialogue pretty much dance on the same tune or if not they are even far less.

There is also a very amusing contrast: the film is beautifully and elegantly shot, the interior is nicely decorated, the same can be said about the costume, coloring and all, however at its core it is a bleak and somehow repulsive film. Not because its heroine is too »deformed«, nor because she made decisions that transformed her in an outcast (13 Moons or Fox and his friends even), but because there is nothing about her that is

authentic or at least intriguing. Not because she tries to manipulate, but because she wants to do it, or she thinks she wants to do it, she gives it a shot and fails. One may never be certain if she even tried hard enough.

This is why I said that this film deceives. However, I think Fass-binder was well aware of that as I am well aware that this was one of his intentions if not his main intention. If we strip the film of its narrative layer(s), we can see it as a cheerful attack against the bourgeoisie, the hypocritical social/pseudo-philosophical conveniences masqueraded as "good manners" or values. Again, this is not exactly news, actually you can say this about most of his movies,

but I think here he has done it in a deliciously subversive manner.

This having been said, The bitter tears... was a movie I »enjoyed« (not sure if it is the right word) and I am looking forward to see more of Rainer Werner Fassbinder's films (except In a year of 13 Moons, Fox and his Friends, The Marriage of Maria Braun which I have seen). From what I have seen, his films often tackle difficult/scandalous and sensible subjects of matter, they are bitter, straightforward and insightful (especially when it comes to »outcasts«) and yet quiet and »unsensational«. And for me at least, this is the reason they worked. So if you are fed-up if films parading »freaks« either for entertainment, either because the director wanted to fool the audience they are witnessing an important and challenging motion picture this may be your call.

photo & quote | Rainer Werner Fassbinder. 1972. The Bitter Tears of Petra von Kant







SHOWCASE YN VIBERT

NAME:

FLYN VIBERT

LOCATION:

LONDON, UNITED KINGDOM

OCCUPATION:

PHOTOGRAPHER

WEBSITE:

CALLMEFLYN.BLOGSPOT.COM





photo | Flyn Vibert. 2012. Lips Cracked Dry.
No Digital Manipulation. Courtesy of the artist

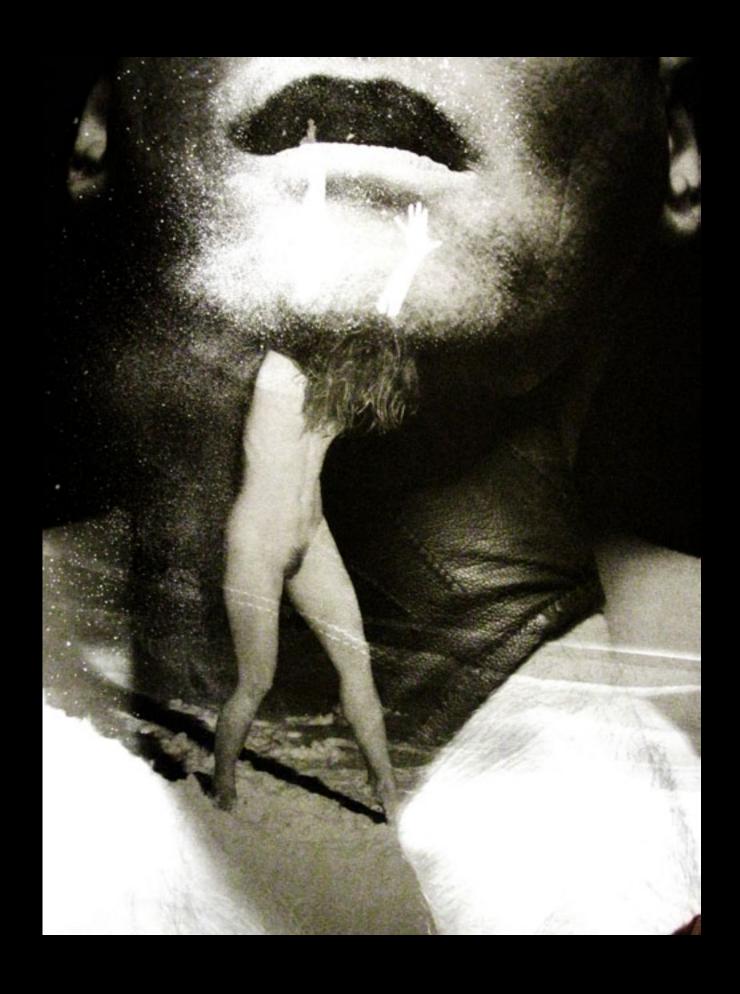


photo | Flyn Vibert. 2012. Lips Cracked Dry. No Digital Manipulation. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Flyn Vibert. 2012. Untitled.
No Digital Manipulation. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Flyn Vibert. 2009. Untitled. No Digital Manipulation. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Flyn Vibert. 2010. KM.
No Digital Manipulation. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Flyn Vibert. 2010. Slash. No Digital Manipulation. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Flyn Vibert. 2011. Devil's Gateway. No Digital Manipulation. Courtesy of the artist

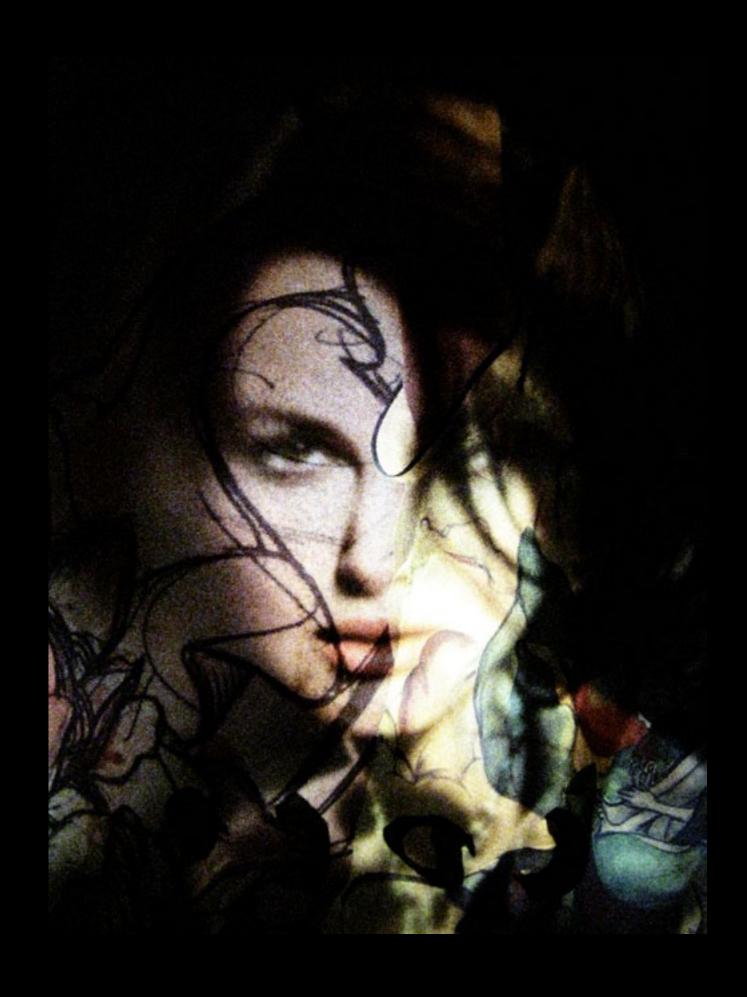


photo | Flyn Vibert. 2011. Devil's Gateway No Digital Manipulation. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Flyn Vibert. 2010. Slash.
No Digital Manipulation. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Flyn Vibert. 2010. Slash. No Digital Manipulation. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Flyn Vibert. 2011. Devil's Gateway. No Digital Manipulation. Courtesy of the artist



photo | Flyn Vibert. 2011. Devil's Gateway. No Digital Manipulation. Courtesy of the artist

MATEUSZ

ABUSE SHOWCASE ODROBNY

ISOLATION IS THE COMFORT ZONE FROM WHENCE MY PAINTING WORK FLOWS MOST FREELY

:: Hello, Mateusz, and welcome to the Spheres. To get us started, we are curious about your work and background. When did you begin painting and drawing?

Well, one of my early memories (of which I don't have many) is sitting at a table at my grand-mother's place in Vienna, where we were staying while my parents were sorting out emigration from Poland to Canada. My grand-mother asked if I would draw my favourite thing. I proceeded to render a large, rather bubbly, but nonetheless, formidable Panzer tank, complete with an armed and helmeted General protrud-

ing from the fox hole at the top. This was around my 5th year of existence, so I guess I have always had a pencil in my hand.

:: What are you working at the moment?

Right now is a busy time, which I do prefer. For 6 months I have been painting a new body of work, that I'm quite excited about. It's oil on canvas and the pieces are the largest that I have been able to work on since moving to London. The detail levels I'm working to are pushing a new standard for me (on canvas), which makes me quite excited to see where these







photo | Mateusz Odrobny. 2011. Drawboard.
Courtesy of the artist

pieces will end up. Over the past half year, beyond painting, I have had several illustrations published by a London based Magazine called Stalking Elk (www. stalkingelk.co.uk), and I have collaborated (created various animations and video projections) on a performance piece called The Body, which ran for two weeks at the ICA. I've also taken up a new direction on the commercial side of things, namely traditional sign writing www.facebook.com/ mjoarts, which has been gaining momentum for about a year and a half.

:: What tools of trade do you employ?

I've been quite a dabbler over the years, I tend to explore any mediums that are available to me, but I certainly do have my staples. First and foremost would have to be

pencil and sketchbook; I'm never without these trusted tools. Oil paint has become my medium of choice for canvas work, although I have been using a lot of watercolour to work out ideas lately. I do most of my illustration with Staedtler pigment liners, or Pigma Microns. When sign writing I use One Shot enamels, and I have to mention the Mack »Virus« line of brushes, truly superb professional tools that respond beautifully to my every move. I will say also that I do employ a computer in many aspects of working (mostly on commercial projects), but in recent times I try to keep the infernal machine to minimal usage.

:: You seem to cover a lot of areas and not restrain yourself solely to illustration. Is it important to blend territories?

I think it's one of the most impor-

tant aspects of developing new work. It's a similar process to evolution, as mediums, techniques and territories merge and in a sense battle for domination, the most useful elements of each rise to the top and combine in new and unexpected ways.

:: How and why did you start working with video?

I started working with video in the late 1980's. At the time I had two vcrs, a 386 mghz pc with an incredibly primitive video capture card, and a korg poly six synthesiser. Around that time I came across a tape of video edits created by Dwayne Goettel, the keyboardist of Skinny Puppy. The tape was of edits created to play on tv screens during live shows, and was a pandemonium of video and sound from a myriad of sources. I loved what I saw, and the sense of





disjointedness and intensity I was left with after watching, so I started trying my hand at the medium. From that point moving image work has always been a branch of my practice.

:: Which would you consider to be your most important project so far?

This is a hard question to answer, perhaps I will treat the word project more in terms of »category of work«. I think the best thing to say is that my ultimate destination is painting. When I paint freely, I'm at my most honest, and direct. The only filters are mine, the connection to the work is organic and visceral. When working with clients on design, illustrating with guidelines, or even working on my own animation, the work is never truly mine, as it is processed through client needs, hardware limitations, or timelines.

Painting, is for me, the sublime moment.

:: You also dedicate yourself to graphic design. Does painting help you in your typographical work?

For many years my mentality towards the two disciplines was very separate. I did not see too many ways to connect the two fields beyond the general principles of image making. However, in recent times the connection between these two sides of my practice are finding an ideal arena in which to merge and truly combine to a new functionality. The arena is sign writing, which I started exploring around 2010 while working with Shunt. Since starting the sign work, I have come to understand a whole new depth of typography through the practice of hand lettering with a brush, and as such, painting is now a ma-



photo | Mateusz Odrobny. 1999. Portrait of Despair.

Courtesy of the artist

jor influence to how I approach design, and typography.

:: Your works plumb the depths of the City, revealing a dystopic atmosphere. Do you use the urban space as a main source of inspiration?

Well, the urban space is what I

know, it sets the context of my experience, but I'm not sure if it is, distinctly, the inspiration. I've always seen the inspiration to paint as a more visceral protagonist, it's the sensation of disconnecting from my surroundings that keeps me coming back to the canvas. As I paint I tend to let go of expec-

tations and thoughts of anything specific and the work starts to reveal itself only when I stop looking for what may be there.

The underlying themes of my work certainly carry a sense of dystopia. I view the systems and institutions we inherit generation after generation with a great foreboding and melancholia, as sources of great strife to the pursuit of wholesome, unencumbered, self- regulated existence. Around the age of 14-15, I was greatly taken by A.Huxley's Brave New World, O.Wells 1984, and several of Carlos Castenada's Yaqui Way of Knowledge series. I had always felt a sense of uneasiness towards institutional systems, but it was these words that really helped me to formulate a foundation of reasoning on the subjects of personal freedom, state intrusion, and power hierarchies.

In formal terms I would say that geometry is the foundation of most of my painted works. Each piece starts with a dissemination of shape and/or pattern, often leaning towards ideas of sacred geometries, occult chart systems, or simple symmetry. From there the process is one of ambiguity, working with flow, rhythm, form, until I'm looking at something that I can no longer deny has emerged. This process repeats itself many times per canvas, until (hopefully) I've pulled the whole of the narrative through, at which point I detail. finalise. frame, and move on.

:: Some of your illustrations step out of the frame and extend on walls, buildings, glass. Do you regard your work as symbolic mediation between you and the urban space?

Well, if by mediation, you mean therapy, then YES, ABSOLUTE-LY! (loud laughter). My relation to the urban space is quite romantic (and stressed) when it comes to showing work. When I see one of my pieces invading an unsuspecting public in a common setting, or

»I VIEW THE SYSTEMS AND **INSTITUTIONS WE INHERIT GENERATION AFTER GENERATION** WITH A GREAT **FOREBODING** AND **MELANCHOLIA«**

in a gallery, a multitude of emotions is conjured, »I am the propagandist«, »I am naked on stage in front of the whole school«, etc. It's exciting, but also very uncomfortable.

I also commune with the city during the process of creating work, which is a very different experience for me. I've spent countless hours on coffee shop, and pub patios sketching and people watching, where the flow of traffic becomes as soothing as the flow of a river. I've worked on transforming locations for film sets, painted signs on buildings for days on end, and whenever I find myself out there in the world just doing what I do, the process, I feel at ease.

:: How is it living in London for a visual artist?

Absolutely Insane! Absolutely Impossible! Absolutely Worth It. (plus you can have a half pint of Guinness for about £1.60 under Francis Bacon's portrait at the place he used to hang out!)

:: Do you feel more connected to your hometown in Poland?

When I came back to Europe in 2005 (my family left for Canada in 1981, and I had not been back since), I spent a month living in Poland. As I first walked out on to the streets of Bytom in November, I was left in a strange awe. Before me in every direction were shapes and colours that I had been painting for as long as I can remember: washed out beiges and blues, gritty grey, splintered panels, certain pitches in the roof angles... It was a moment of unexpected discovery that gently shook me to my very core. The next 3 years I basically stopped painting. I worked in sketchbooks, and did design jobs, but painting simply ceased. Once my impetus to paint returned, I found myself floundering as my relation to the process had profoundly changed. It was an experience I would liken to being in an accident, and having to go through physical therapy to regain the ability to walk. My connection to Poland is somewhat ambiguous now, but having been, certainly had its impact.

6: PARDON ME, UDOES ANYONE KNOW HOW TOGET TO ...

photo | Mateusz Odrobny. 2006. Tourist.

Courtesy of the artist

:: Is it easy to meet people in the visual arts area in the cultural turmoil from London?

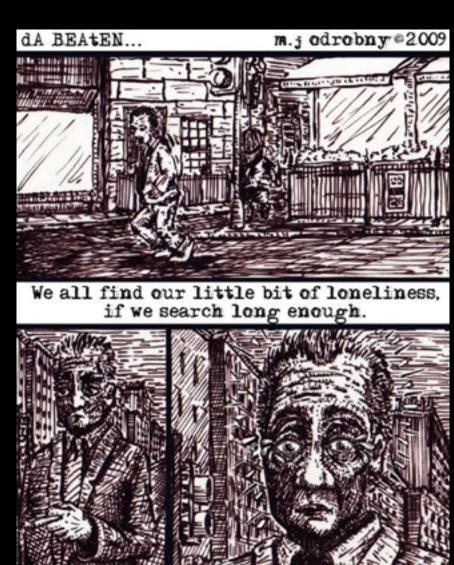
Meeting people in London is a strange endeavour. I am very fortunate to have worked with Shunt under London Bridge. Each week the massive railway arch network was curated anew with artists, performers, musicians, and film makers from all over Europe and beyond. I was there for about three years and got a very interesting view of London and European culture. As with becoming involved with Shunt, almost every meeting of like- mindedness has been a most random experience. I will say there seems to be a larger statistical likelihood of coming across interesting people in a place filled with 8 million possibles!

:: In one of your illustrations from dA BEAtEN series you write: »We all find our little bit of loneliness, if we search long enough«. How would would you describe isolation in relation to your work?

Isolation is a state so very deep and filled with treasures and pit-falls. It's the landscape of the self where you confront your personal demons, angels, shamans, and dictators in that blinding reality of your deepest and ultimately vulnerable primordial essence. It is the sublime state, the nirvana, the Hades, in which pure truth and pure being simply exist. It is the comfort zone from whence my painting work flows most freely.

:: Do you think that, paradoxically, while we are gradually connected through technology and motion, we become more isolated somehow?

I do think there is a dichotomy between the original aims and the observable outcomes of technol-



ogy and travel. The original intent of technological connection has turned to an observable impact of disassociation in social situations, just as easier travel has opened a door for many to seek new lives in a wide spectrum of locations, leaving the travellers displaced from their homes and families. At the same time, I don't see it as a snowballing effect that will one day render all people as drones plugged into machines, never to interact with one another. I think it's like anything »new«, when first introduced, the impact is visible and intense; as time passes and the new element is fully diluted

into the system, it's overall impact equalises and integrates. I feel with technology we are slowly transitioning towards a period where the "wow" factor or that initial explosion is losing ground to an approach of practicality. Perhaps there is hope for us yet!

Ahhh... there it is.

photo up | Mateusz Odrobny.

Da Beaten. The Search

Courtesy of the artist

photo right | Mateusz Odrobny.

Da Beaten. Restraining Seminar.

Courtesy of the artist



SO, JUST A REMINDER... YOUR HOMEWORK
FOR TOMMORROW IS TO PRACTICE YOUR
"HAND FOR CHANGE, THRUST,
YOUR "WALLOWING IN MISERY, FACE, AND
PLEASE DON,T FORGET TO HAND IN YOUR
"SHOES MADE FROM TISSUE BOXES, PROJECT,
AS THIS COUNTS AS 30% OF YOUR FINAL GRADE.









SA

STICKS A CONEGL

OCKWORK HOWCASE ND STONES: IANO, ITALY

...MAY BREAK MY BONES

WHERE:

CONEGLIANO, ITALY

WHAT:

LA CITTÀ MURATA (THE WALLED CITY)

BUILT AND FORTIFIED DURING:

12TH-14TH CENTURIES, AD

PHOTOS OF:

CALLE MADONNA DELLA NEVE AND THE CASTAGNERA WALLS

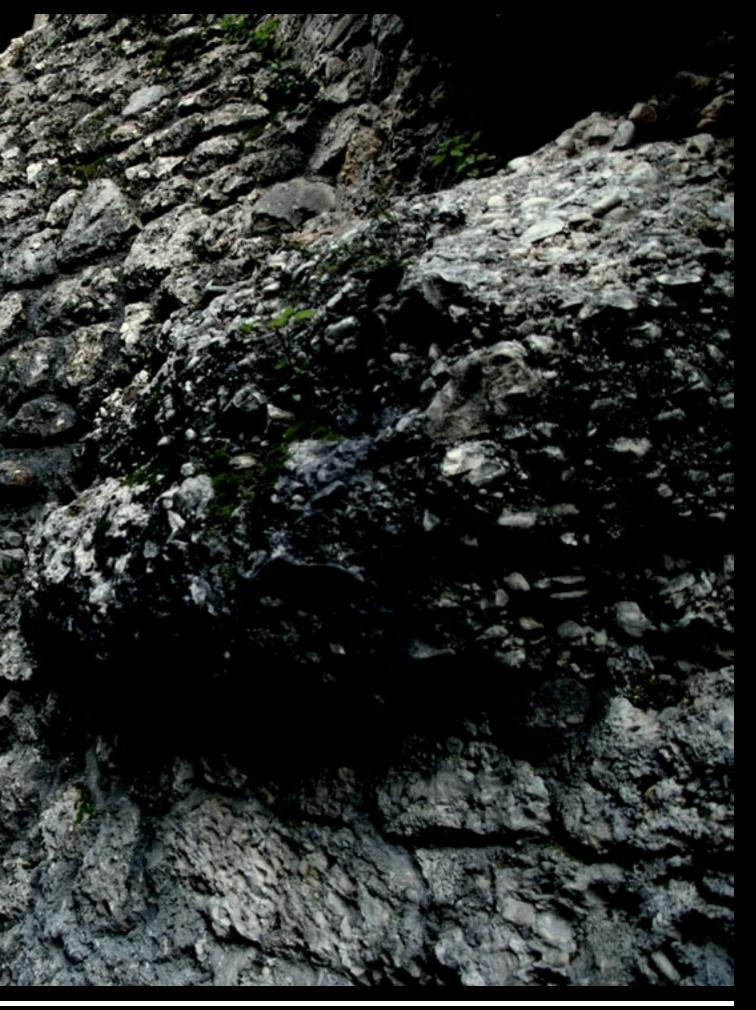
ARCHITECTURAL CHARACTERISTICS:

THOLOS-TYPE ARCHERY LOOPHOLES
AND BLIND MERLONS



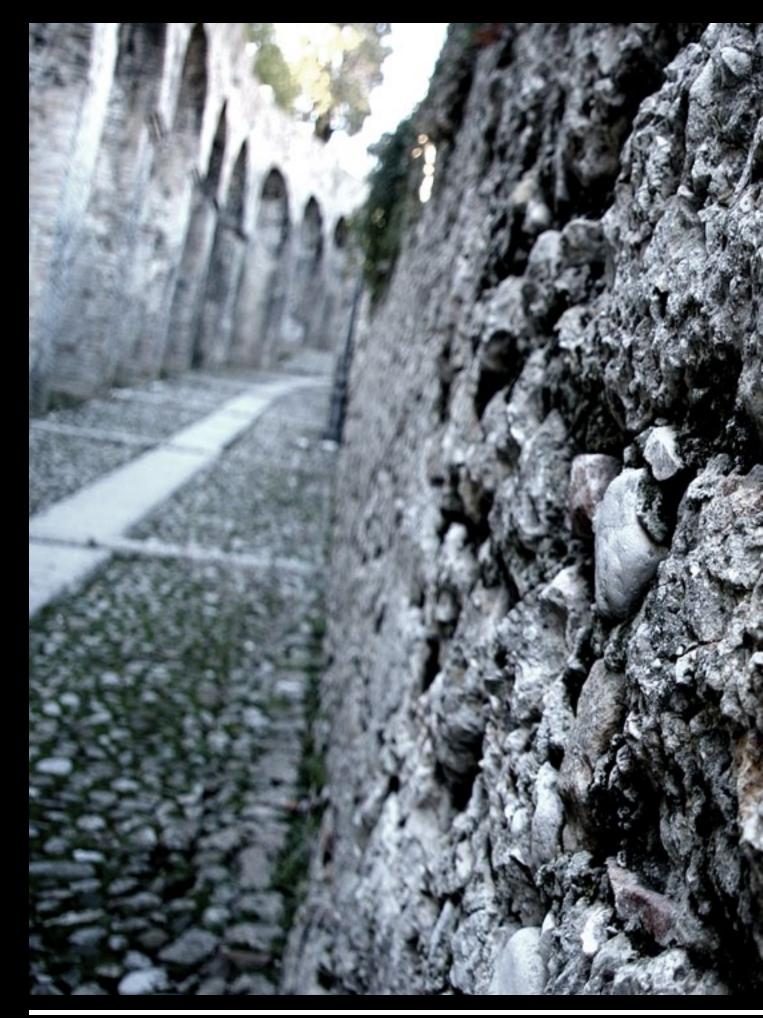


















EYE TEASER TAIDA CELI NORWAY N-Sphere | May 2012 **Editors:** Vel Thora | www.vel.sfere.ro Diana Daia | www.in-circles.org Layout: Diana Daia Contact: nsphere@sfere.ro Sfere.ro @ 2007-2012 all rights reserved. The reproduction of all material presented in the N-Sphere is restricted. The photographs and portfolios are property of the respective artists.

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